Spotted Towhee

Pipilo maculatus



Species code: SPTO

Band size: 1A-2 (measure with leg gauge)

Skull: 1 Nov Pyle: p536 Sibley: p474



Formative & basic plumages are easily identified in males and slightly less easily in females. Alternate plumage is limited to throat.

Ageing

₽★★★☆☆



Almost all individuals should be aged.

GC/PC moult limit

Juvenile PC are much paler than formative GC and Alula. In basic PC contrast slightly with GC and very little with Alula.



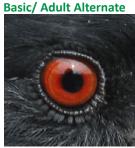
Eye colour

Beware: From November onwards, birds in formative plumage may have fully developed eye colour.









Juvenile plumage
Juvenile lacks black cap
and rufous flanks.





a Bird in the Hand.org References: Pyle 1997, Tabular Pyle 2007.

Images: David Hodkinson, Jeremy Meyer, US Fish & Wildlife Service public images.

9904 **Sexing**

Juvenile *********

Formative ***

Basic

After the pre-formative moult sex is easily determined, although some interior subspecies are difficult. Juveniles of certain interior subspecies may be sexed. Cloacal Protuberance & Brood patch may be used.

Male **Head & upperparts:** Glossy jet black

Flight feathers: Dark brown or black





Female Head & upperparts: Western Populations: Ashy grey-black Eastern Populations:

Grey-brown

Flight feathers: brown (paler than male)

Identification Similar species: Eastern Towhee, hybrid Eastern X Spotted Towhee

Spotted Towhee

Male and Female:

White spots on greater and median coverts

Female:

Ashy grey-black head



Eastern Towhee

Male and Female: No white spots on greater and median coverts



Female: Dull brown head & back

White patch on primaries below primary coverts

